# CERTPARK QUESTION & ANSWER

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Exam : 642-997

Title : Implementing Cisco Data

Center Unified Fabric

(DCUFI)

Version: DEMO

# 1. Topic 1, Describe the Cisco Unified Fabric Products in a Cisco Data Center Network Architecture

Which statement about RADIUS configuration distribution using Cisco Fabric Services on a Cisco Nexus 7000 Series Switch is true?

- A. Cisco Fabric Services does not distribute the RADIUS server group configuration or server and global keys.
- B. Enabling Cisco Fabric Services causes the existing RADIUS configuration on your Cisco NX-OS device to be immediately distributed.
- C. When the RADIUS configuration is being simultaneously changed on more than one device in a Cisco Fabric Services region, the most recent changes will take precedence.
- D. Only the Cisco NX-OS device with the lowest IP address in the Cisco Fabric Services region can lock the RADIUS configuration.

### Answer: A

Explanation: CFS does not distribute the RADIUS server group configuration or server and global keys. The keys are unique to the Cisco NX-OS device and are not shared with other Cisco NX-OS devices. Reference:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/6\_x/nx-os/security/configuration/guide/b\_Cisco\_Nexus\_7000\_NX-OS\_Security\_Configuration\_Guide\_Release\_6-x/b\_Cisco\_Nexus\_7000\_NX-OS\_Security\_Configuration\_Guide\_Release\_6-x\_chapter\_0101.html

- 2.By default it will take 10 seconds for authentication to fail due to an unresponsive RADIUS server before a Cisco Nexus series switch reverts to another RADIUS server or local authentication. What is one efficient way to improve the reaction time to a RADIUS server failure?
- A. Decrease the global RADIUS retransmission count to 1.
- B. Decrease the global RADIUS timeout interval to 5 seconds.
- C. Configure the RADIUS retransmission count and timeout interval per server, versus globally.
- D. Configure per server a test idle timer, along with a username and password.

### Answer: D

Explanation: You can monitor the availability of RADIUS servers. These parameters include the username and password to use for the server and an idle timer. The idle timer specifies the interval during which a RADIUS server receives no requests before the Nexus 5000 Series switch sends out a test packet. You can configure this option to test servers periodically. The test idle timer specifies the interval during which a RADIUS server receives no requests before the Nexus 5000 Series switch sends out a test packet. The default idle timer value is 0 minutes. When the idle time interval is 0 minutes, the Nexus 5000 Series switch does not perform periodic RADIUS server monitoring.

### Reference:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus5000/sw/configuration/guide/cli\_rel\_4\_0\_1a/CLIConfigurationGuide/sec\_radius.html

- 3. Which statement explains why a Cisco UCS 6200 Fabric Interconnect that is configured in end-host mode is beneficial to the unified fabric network?
- A. There is support for multiple (power of 2) uplinks.
- B. Upstream Layer 2 disjoint networks will remain separated.
- C. The 6200 can connect directly via vPC to a Layer 3 aggregation device.

D. STP is not required on the uplink ports from the 6200.

### Answer: D

Explanation: In Cisco Unified Computing System environments, two Ethernet switching modes determine the way that the fabric interconnects behave as switching devices between the servers and the network. In end-host mode, the fabric interconnects appear to the upstream devices as end hosts with multiple links. In end-host mode, the switch does not run Spanning Tree Protocol and avoids loops by following a set of rules for traffic forwarding. In switch mode, the switch runs Spanning Tree Protocol to avoid loops, and broadcast and multicast packets are handled in the traditional way.

## Explanation:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/data-center-virtualization/unified-computing/whitepaper c11-701962.html

4. Which two statements about Cisco Nexus 7000 line cards are true? (Choose two.)

A. M1, M2, and F1 cards are allowed in the same VDC.

- B. M line cards are service-oriented and likely face the access layer and provide Layer 2 connectivity.
- C. F line cards are performance-oriented and likely connect northbound to the core layer for Layer 3 connectivity.
- D. M line cards support Layer 2, Layer 3, and Layer 4 with large forwarding tables and a rich feature set.
- E. The F2 line card must reside in the admin VDC.

# Answer: A, D

Explanation: Cisco is introducing a new line card called as F3 Module which has rich feature set and offers high performance 40G/100G port density to the Nexus 7000 product family. Cisco also introduced a new feature in NX-OS 6.2(2) where the F2e line card can be in the same VDC as M1 or M2 Line Card. The objective of this session is to cover detailed steps and methodology of migrating Nexus 7000 with VDC types prior to NX-OS 6.2 to the newer F3 or M/F2e VDC types. The session also covers the effect of VDC migration with commonly used Network features, firewall and load balancer services.

M-Series XL modules support larger forwarding tables. M-Series modules are frequently required at network core, peering, and aggregation points. When used with the F1-Series, the M-Series modules

provide inter-VLAN services and form a pool of Layer 3 resources for the system.

Reference: <a href="https://www.ciscolive2014.com/connect/sessionDetail.ww?SESSION\_ID=2244">https://www.ciscolive2014.com/connect/sessionDetail.ww?SESSION\_ID=2244</a>

And <a href="https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Data">https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Data</a> Center/VMDC/2-6/vmdctechwp.html

5. Which statement about the Layer 3 card on the Cisco Nexus 5500 Series Switch is true?

A. BGP support is not provided, but RIP, EIGRP, and OSPF support is provided.

- B. Up to two 4-port cards are supported with up to 160 Gb/s of Layer 3 forwarding capability.
- C. Up to 16 FEX connections are supported.
- D. Port channels cannot be configured as Layer 3 interfaces.

# Answer: C

Explanation: From the Cisco NX-OS 5.1(3)N1(1) release and later releases, each Cisco Nexus 5500 Series device can manage and support up to 24 FEXs without Layer 3. With Layer 3, the number of FEXs supported per Cisco Nexus 5500 Series device is 8. With Enhanced vPC and a dual-homed FEX topology each FEX is managed by both Cisco Nexus 5000 Series devices. As a result, one pair of Cisco Nexus 5500 Series devices can support up to 24 FEXs and 16 FEXs for Layer 2 and Layer 3. Reference:

http://www.c	cisco.com/en/US	S/docs/switche	es/datacenter	r/nexus5000/	/sw/mkt_ops	guides/513	n1	1/n5k	er
hanced_vpc									